## Outer Planets



Did you know that ALL Jovian Planets have rings??

- Jupiter: faint, dusty rings
- Saturn: bright, spectacular rings
- Uranus: dark, thin rings
- Neptune: dark, thin rings \& ring arcs


## PLANET DATA

| Planet | Period of <br> Rotation (Earth <br> Days) | Average <br> Distance from <br> sun (AU) | Period of <br> Revolution (Earth <br> days or years) | Number of <br> Moons |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Mercury | 176 days | .39 | 88 days | 0 |
| Venus | 243 days | .72 AU | 225 days | 0 |
| Earth | 1 day/24 hr | 1 | 365.25 days | 1 |
| Mars | 25 hours | 1.5 | 694 days | 2 |
| Jupiter | 10 hours | 5.2 | 12 earth years | $63+$ |
| Saturn |  |  |  |  |
| Uranus |  |  |  |  |
| Neptune |  |  |  |  |


(9) wasc mul MsGenke-

## Spacecraft to Jupiter

Fly-bys:

Pioneer 10 \& 11 (1973 \& 1974)


- Voyager 1 \& 2 (1979)
- Ulysses (1992)
- Orbiters:
- Cassini (2001), been orbiting Saturn and will continue through 2017 for its Northern Solstice in 2017
- Galileo (Dec 1995 until Sept 2003)


## JUPITER FACTS

- Largest and most massive planet
- Diameter: 11 Earth Diameters (86,280 miles)
- Mass: 318 Earth masses ( $1.899 \times 10^{27} \mathrm{~kg}$ )
- Volume: 1,300 Earths would fit inside
- No solid surface
- Rock \& ice core


## Jupiter

## Saturn

Uranus
Earth $\rightarrow \operatorname{Sa}^{3}$ ( $0+4$

## Great Red Spot (GRS)

Giant Storm $=3$ Earth diameters.
Rotates once every 6 days Red spot is changing colors
http://www.nasa.gov/centers/goddard/images content/387520main_92_80_1-334x312.gif
http://www.nasa.gov/centers/goddard/images/ content/388625main_Jupiter_Approach.gif
http://www.nasa.gov/centers/goddard/mov/ 388964main_polarwinds.mov
http://www.nasa.gov/centers/goddard/mov/ 388964main_polarwinds.mov


- iupiters lcloud sequence
- Jupiter's polar vortex
- comet shoemaker-levy crashes into iupiter


## JUPITER'S MOONS

- Has the most moons of all planets 63+
- Io, Europa, Ganymede, Callisto Jupiter's 4 largest moons are the most amazing moons ever discovered


## The Galilean Satellites



Io Europa Ganymede

Callisto * Each has a unique surface and a unique geologic history.

## Io: Most Volcanically Active Body in

 the Solar System- Hot, Molten Interior
- LOTS OF SULFUR
- Continuously resurfaced by lava flows



## Global View

http://www.nasa.g centers/goddard/m 388623 main Iorotates.mpg

Io rotates



## Europa

Surface composition - water ice

- Scientists believe there is a liquid water ocean, 60 miles deep, under the surface.
- Ice penetrating Ocean mission 2037



## Ice flows and rafts are scattered and rotated... the result of tidal forces on Europa.



## Ganymede

The solar system's largest satellite...larger than Mercury. The "Grooved" terrain results from vertical plate tectonics.... from "shrinking" Ganymede video


## Callisto

# Geologically dead...... Callisto is the most heavily cratered object in the solar system. 

cullisto rotutine in spelce


(3)ITOG WMUL MSGEM

## PLANET FACTS

| Planet | Period of <br> Rotation <br> (Earth Days) | Average <br> Distance from <br> sun (AU) | Period of <br> Revolution <br> (Earth Years) | Number of <br> Moons |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Mercury | 176 days | .39 AU | 88 days | 0 |
| Venus | 243 days | .72 AU | 225 days | 0 |
| Earth | 1 day/24hr | 1 AU | 365.25 days | 1 |
| Mars | 25 hours | 1.5 | 694 days | 2 |
| Jupiter | .10 hours | 5.2 | 12 years | $63+$ |
| Saturn | 11 hours | 9.6 | 29 years | $57+$ |
| Uranus |  |  |  |  |
| Neptune |  |  |  |  |

## Second largest planet

- Density: $0.7 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{cm}^{3} \ldots$ it would float in water :lowest density
- Orbitted by Cassini starting April 2017, Cassini will begin its final descent into the planet - and still sending us footage as it plunges





## A View of the Sun as Seen Through the Rings of Saturn



- fly through space


## RingS

Made of ice and rock

## Biggest rings of any planet

## Saturn

Long video of saturn

## The Saturn System: 57 Known Satellites



(e) IqES TquL MSGEMEE

## PLANET DATA

| Planet | Period of <br> Rotation <br> (Earth Days) | Average <br> Distance from <br> sun (AU) | Period of <br> Revolution <br> (Earth Years) | Number of <br> Moons |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Mercury | 176 days | .39 | 88 days | 0 |
| Venus | 243 days | .72 | 225 day | 0 |
| Earth | 1 day/24 hr | 1 | 1 yr/365.25 dy | 1 |
| Mars | 25 hours | 1.5 | 694 days | 2 |
| Jupiter | 10 hours | 5.2 | 12 years | $63+$ |
| Saturn | 11 hours | 9.6 | 29 years | 57 |
| UranuS | 17 hours | 19.2 | 84 years | $27+$ |
| Neptune |  |  |  |  |

## Uranus' twin planet = Neptune

## Chemical Composition of Uranus' Atmosphere



A photochemical haze (smog) collects at the polar regions

## Uranus... is traditionally known as the "Featureless Disc"......

## An axial tilt $\underline{98^{\circ}}$ creates "extreme" seasons (rotates on its side)

Spring/fall


## HST view of Uranus' ring system




| Planet | Period of <br> Rotation <br> (Earth Days) | Average <br> Distance <br> from sun <br> (AU) | Period of <br> Revolution <br> (Earth Years) | Number of <br> Moons |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Mercury | 176 days | .39 | 88 days | 0 |
| Venus | 243 days | 1.72 | 225 days | 0 |
| Earth | 25 hours | 1.5 | 1 | 1 |
| Mars | 10 hours | 5.2 | 12 years | $63+$ |
| Jupiter | 11 hours | 9.6 | 29 years | 57 |
| Saturn | 17 hours | 19.2 | 84 years | $27+$ |
| Uranus | 16 hours | 30 | 164 yrs | $13+$ |
| Neptune |  |  |  |  |

## Surface of Neptune

- Windy
- $1,300 \mathrm{mph}$ winds


## atmosphere

## Blue color is produced by <br> $\underline{\text { Methane } \mathrm{CH}_{4}}$

neptune ititess fncl
DHOLSDDEe School
neptune $20!n!$ !

## Triton: The Cantaloupe Moon

- Surface Temperature -400 F
- 100 mph winds
- Nitrogen geysers - plumes ejected to an altitude of 6 miles.
- Retrograde orbit...captured
- Will move within the Roche limit in less than one million years
- triton - neptunes monn
- neptune and triton



## Dwarf Planets



Pluto, Eris and Ceres, Makemake, and Haumea

## Latest news on Pluto and plutoids.

NIX
STYX
HYDRA *
KERBGROS *

CHARON *
4*,t itrmany

## The New Solar System



## Dwarf Planets

- Orbit the Sun.
- Have sufficient mass to assume a round shape.
- Have not cleared the neighborhood around its orbit.
- Are not satellites.
- The first five recognized dwarf planets are Ceres, Pluto, Eris, Makemake, and Haumea




## The End

